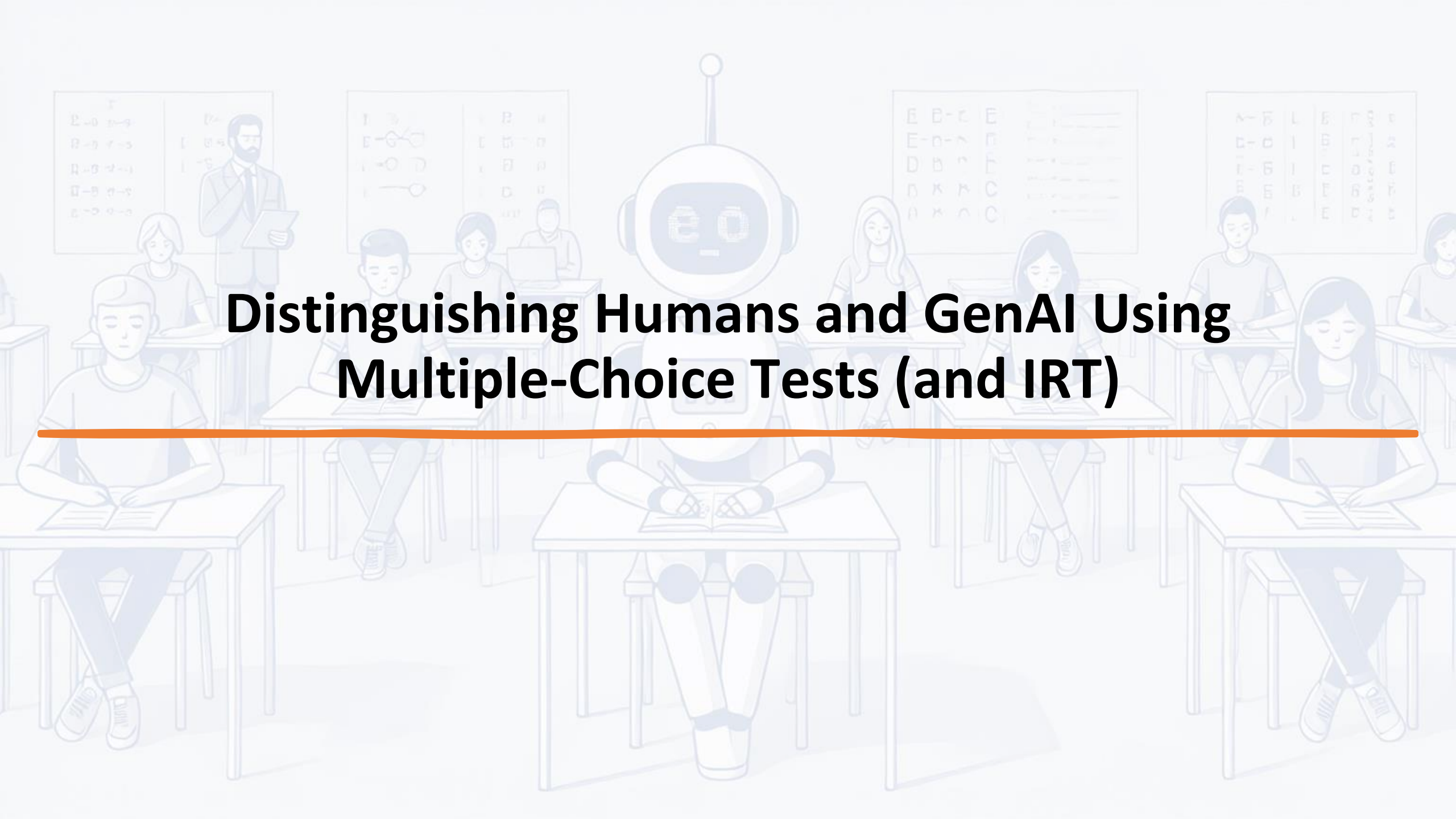




Distinguishing Humans and GenAI Using Multiple-Choice Tests (and IRT)

Remember at March 2023...



AI-GENERATED FAKE IMAGE

The Washington Post
Democracy Dies in Darkness

How a tiny company with few rules is making fake images go mainstream

Midjourney, the year-old firm behind recent fake visuals of Trump and the pope, illustrates the lack of oversight accompanying spectacular strides in AI



Generative AI Era Challenge

- Multiple modalities, impressive capabilities

- Classical

- Today, more complicated

- Many computational methods to detect GenAI

nature

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NEWS FEATURE | 25 July 2023

ChatGPT broke the Turing test – the race is on for new ways to assess AI

Large language models mimic human chatter, but scientists disagree on their ability to reason.

Turing Test



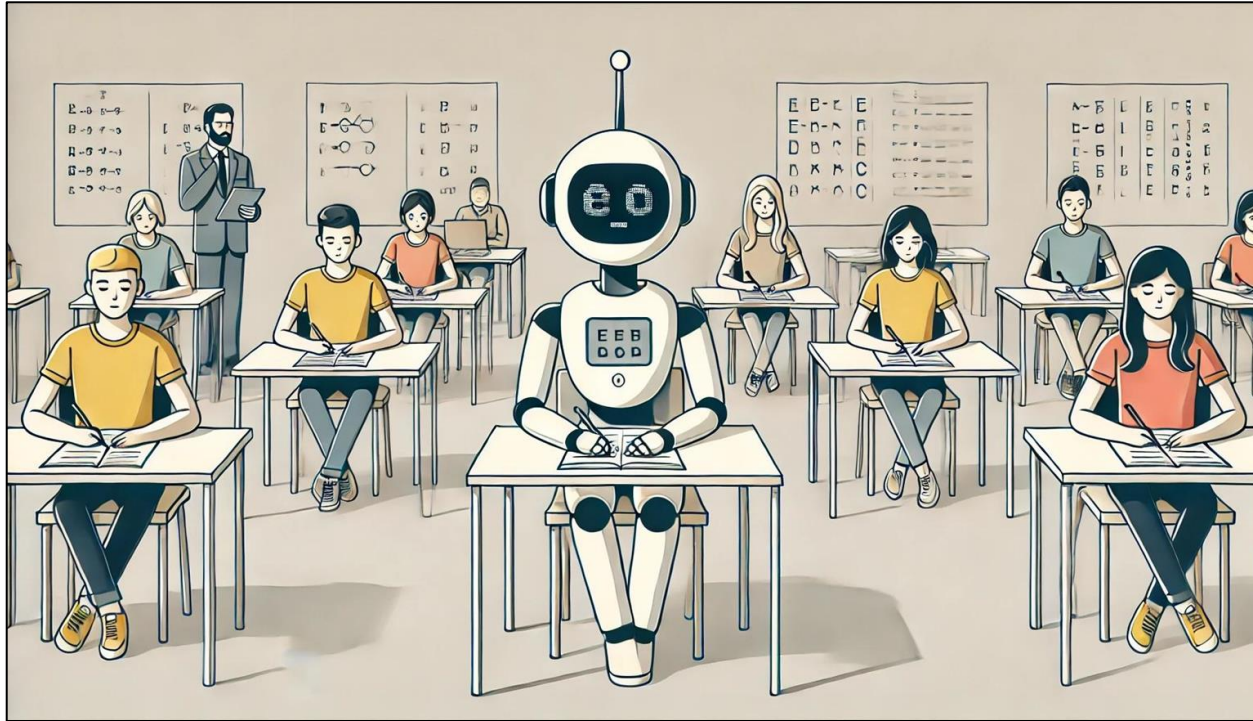
Human responder
Player B



Questioner
Player C



In Education



Compromising

- Learning
- Assessment

טכנולוגיה ומדע

בגלל הבינה המלאכותית: המוסדות האקדמיים בבעיה רצינית

מחקר חדש בבריטניה חושף: 94% מהעבודות האקדמיות שנכתבו על ידי בינה מלאכותית לא זוהו על ידי המרצים. "זו בעיה רצינית שמפחיתה מערכם של תעודות ותארים"

מערכת ישראל היום

09:29, 2/12/2024, עודכן 09:29, 2/12/2024



חדשות • חינוך וחברה

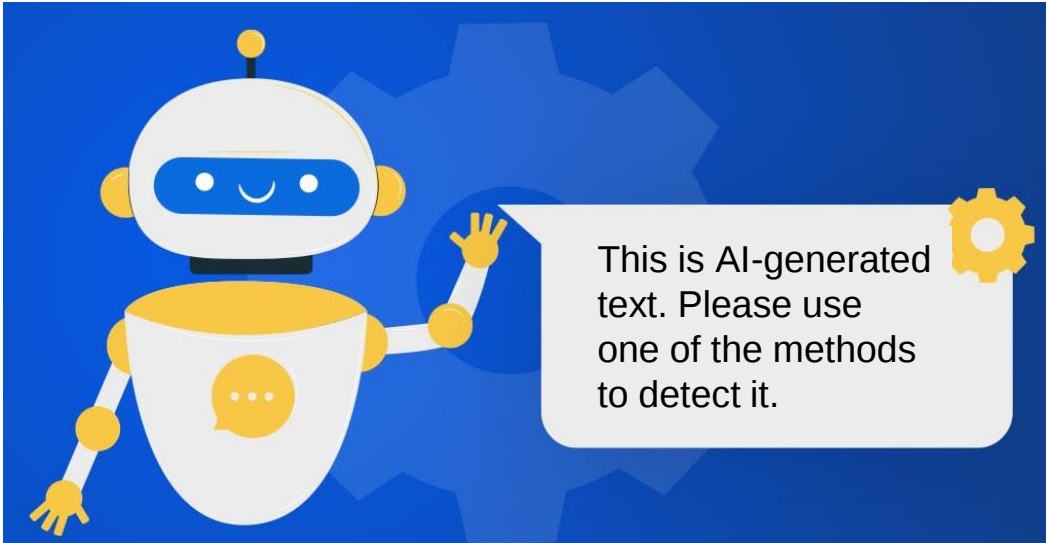
עבודת סמינר בלחיצת כפתור: הבינה המלאכותית מתחילה לשנות את האקדמיה

קריאת זן שמירה

55

In Education

Open questions/essay



Multiple choice questions (MCQ's)

Unexplored

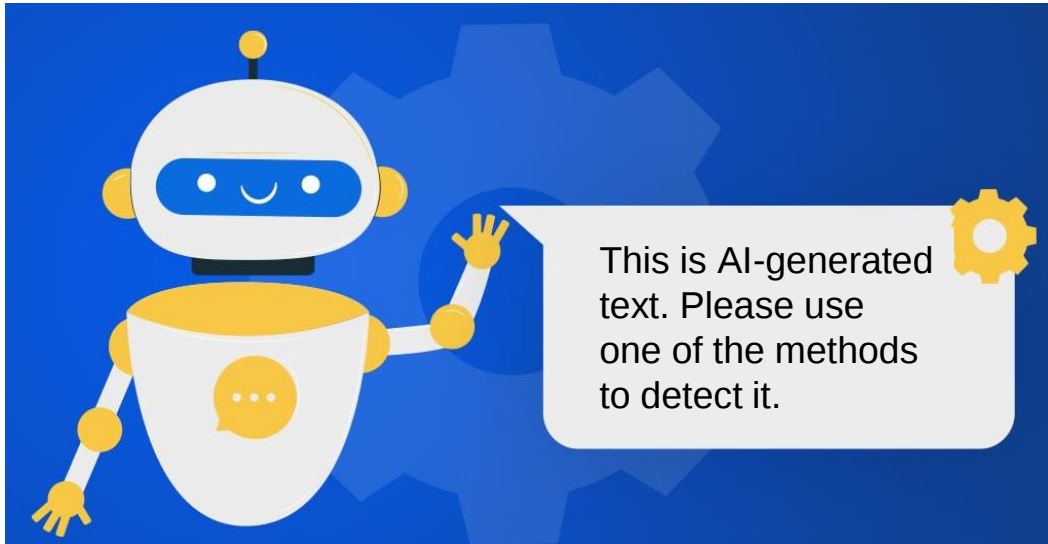
Allegedly "limited bits information"

*Classically the view is that **the whole test** measures something with noise.*



In Education

Open questions/essay



Multiple choice questions (MCQ's)

Unexplored

Allegedly "limited bits information"

Classically the view is that the whole test measures something with noise.

not useful here



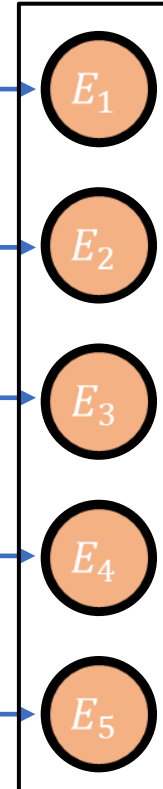
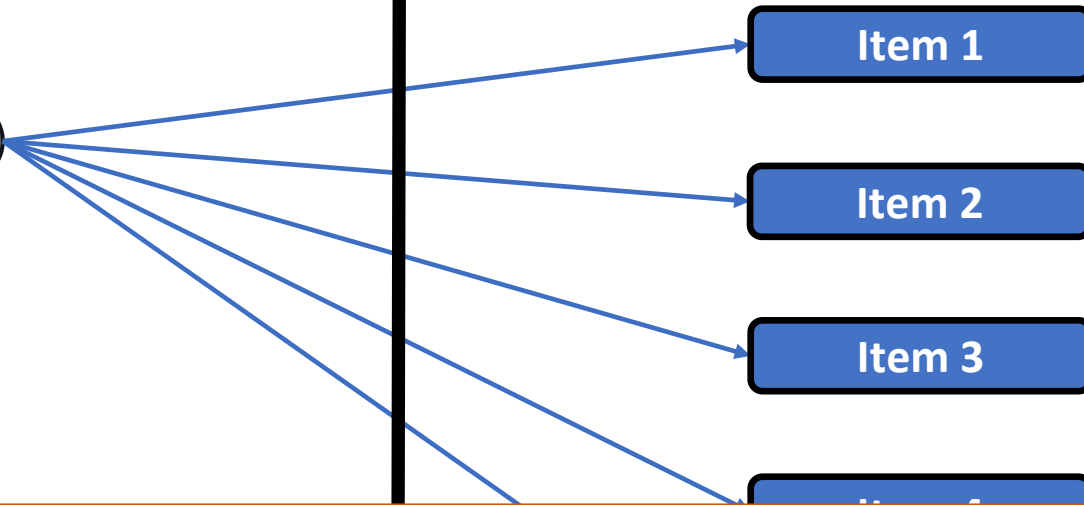
Approach- use Item Response Theory (IRT)

- Test\instrument - a collection of Items that measure the hidden trait(s)

Hidden cognitive traits



Expected results



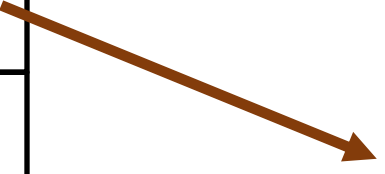
$P_{correct}(item_i, ability_s)$

How to use this approach to find the chats?
Learn model on students, check fit on chats

How we will measure ability - example

Response matrix:

	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Item 4	Item 5
Student 1	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5
Student 2	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5
Student 3	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5

 0,1

How we will measure ability - example

Response matrix:

	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Item 4	Item 5
Student 1	E_1	E_2	1	E_4	E_5
Student 2	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5
Student 3	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5

An arrow points from the E_5 cell in the Student 2 row to the text "0,1".

How we will measure ability - example

Response matrix:

	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Item 4	Item 5
Student 1	E_1	E_2	1	E_4	E_5
Student 2	E_1	E_2	0	E_4	E_5
Student 3	E_1	E_2	E_3	E_4	E_5

An arrow points from the cell containing E_5 for Student 2 to the text "0,1".

For more students and items we get this kind of response matrix:

How we will measure ability - example

Response matrix:

Items													
Students	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	score
A	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	6
B	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
C	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	9
D	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5
E	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	8
F	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7
G	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	6
H	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
I	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7

How we will measure ability - example

We **rearrange** the matrix:

Students	Items												score
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	
A	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	6
B	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
C	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	9
D	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5
E	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	8
F	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7
G	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	6
H	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
I	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7

Step 1:
score: high to low



How we will measure ability - example

We **rearrange** the matrix:

Items													
Students	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	score
C	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	9
E	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	8
F	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7
I	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7
A	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	6
G	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	6
D	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5
B	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
H	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3

Ability



How we will measure difficulty- example

We **rearrange** the matrix:

Step 2:

Items: easy to hard

What is an easy item from the data?

Items														
Students	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	score	Ability
C	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	9	
E	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	8	
F	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7	
I	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7	
A	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	6	
G	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	6	
D	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	
B	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	
H	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	

All students answered correctly

How we will measure difficulty- example

We **rearrange** the matrix:

Step 2:

Items: easy to hard



Students	Items												Ability
	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility													
9 8 8 8 5 5 4 3 2 2 1 0													



$$\text{Difficulty} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Facility}}$$

“Expected” pattern

Items													
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	Ability
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility	9	8	8	8	5	5	4	3	2	2	1	0	

“Expected” pattern

That can have **small deviations**



Items													
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	Ability
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility	9	8	8	8	5	5	4	3	2	2	1	0	



$$\text{Difficulty} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Facility}}$$

“Expected” pattern

What happens with **large deviations**?

Items													
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	Ability
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility	9	8	8	8	5	5	4	3	2	2	1	0	

$$\text{Difficulty} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Facility}}$$

“Expected” pattern

What happens with **large deviations**?

“Surprise”

Difficulty $\propto \frac{1}{\text{Facility}}$

Items													
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	Ability
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility	9	8	8	8	5	5	4	3	2	2	1	0	

Calculate an anomaly measure

“Surprise”

$$\text{Difficulty} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Facility}}$$

Items													
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g	Ability
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Facility	9	8	8	8	5	5	4	3	2	2	1	0	

What will happen if we have a new group of student?

What will happen if we have a new group of student?

Items													Ability	Anomaly
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g		
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9	5
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8	9
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	4
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	6
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
J	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	9	
K	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	
L	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	
M	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	

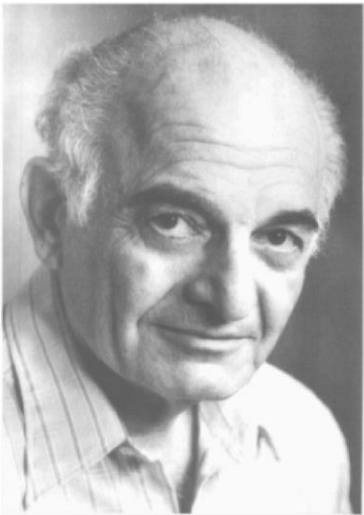
Similar group, similar anomaly measure

Not Similar

What will happen if we have a new group of student?

Items														Ability	Anomaly
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g			
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9	5	
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8	9	
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	6	
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
J	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	6	Not Similar	
K	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	5		
L	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5		
M	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	5		

What will happen if we have a new group of student?



“Guttman error”

Items													Ability	Anomaly
Students	c	i	a	l	b	h	d	k	f	j	e	g		
C	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	9	4
E	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	8	7
F	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	2
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
G	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	4
D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	2
B	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
H	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
J	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	6	15
K	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	18
L	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5	21
M	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	18

G

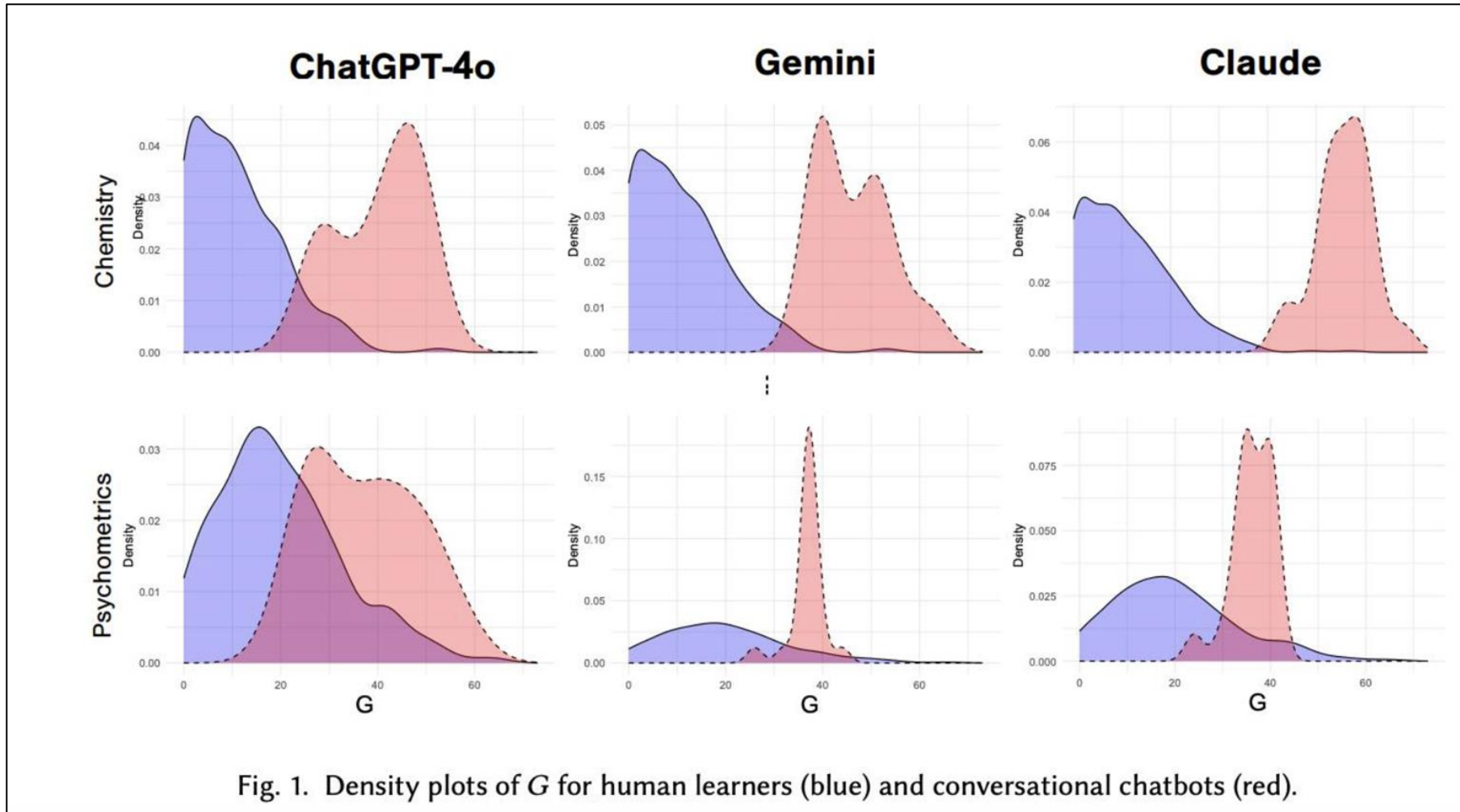
Our working assumption:

Chatbots “behave” as students with different latent traits

- Two different tests – **with students’ responses per item**
 - **Formative** - Chemistry MCQ online “*preparation to matriculation*” test
 - **Summative** - Quantitative Psychometrics part*
- Pollution level -5%
- Three premium version chatbots
- Four anomaly measures $G, G^*, U, ZU3$ - *Person Fit Statistics*

Results

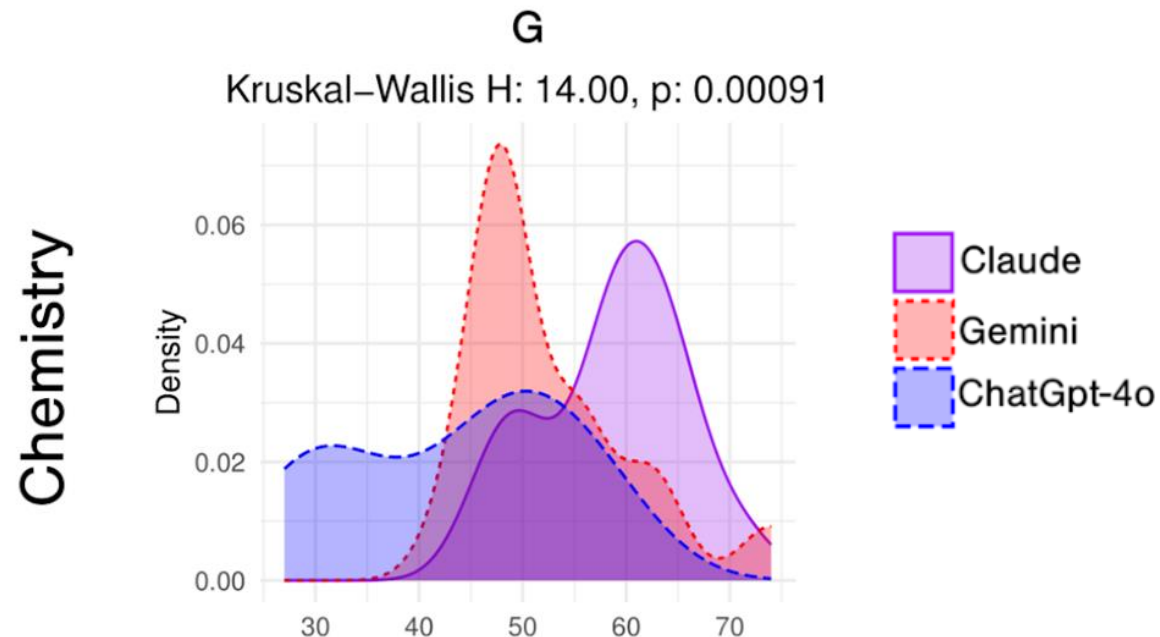
Chatbots “behave” as students with different latent traits



What if the pollution level is increased?

- Results until now: pollution level 5%
- We also tried with 10%, 25%.
- Pollution level  $\Rightarrow$ Separation humans chats 
- Widespread use of chatbots *means* **harder separation**

Do different chatbots behave differently?



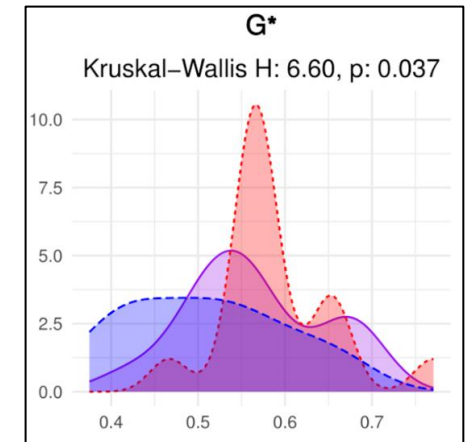
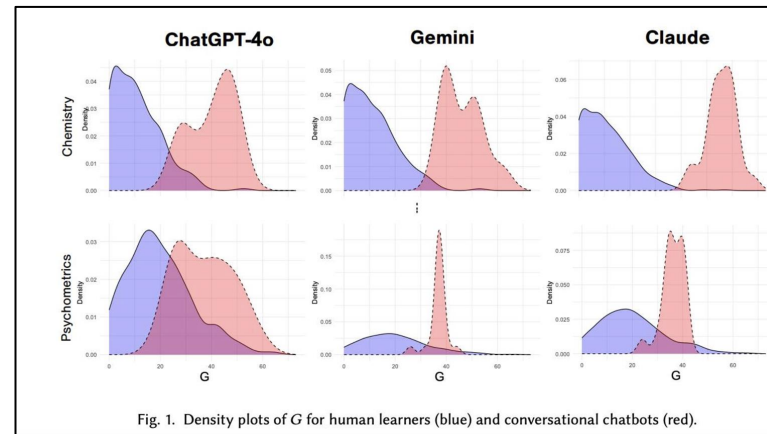
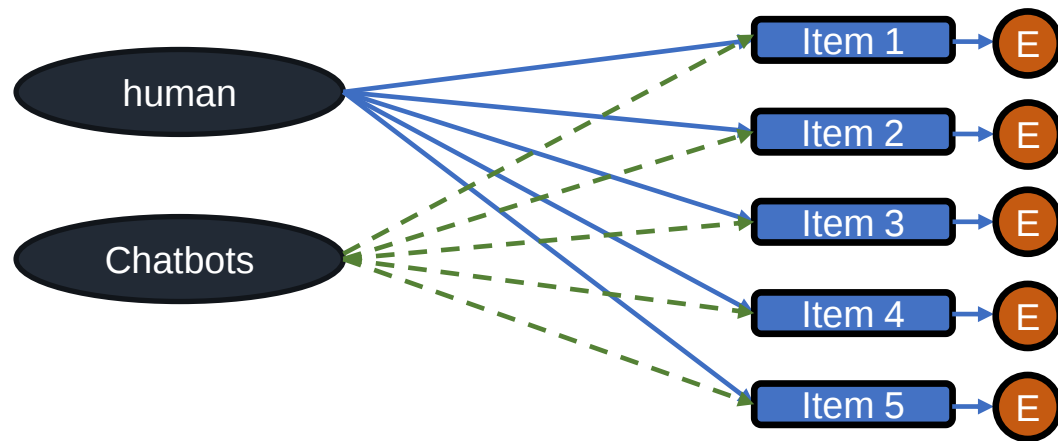
By using the same measures we show:
Chats can be separated using MCQ test

Who from who?

Depends on the test and on the specific measure

To conclude...

- **Humans vs. chatbots** –
Have different latent traits; can be distinguished using MCQ
- **Chatbots vs. other chatbots**
- Widespread use of chatbots *means* **harder separation**



THANKS FOR LISTENING



Link to the paper: